[XXIIᵈ Year.] THURSDAY, *March* 5, 1767. [Nº. 1121.]

Calvert County, *Feb.* 21, 1767.

MR. GREEN,

SIR,

I DESIRE you'll Publiſh in your next GAZETTE, this, and the inclos'd Certificates, which, I hope, will convince every impartial and unprejudic'd READER, of the Falſity of a ſcandalous Report, (propagated and handed about by ſome envious and malicious Scoundrel or other,) That I apply'd to *William Ireland*, junr. Inſpector at *Lower Marlborough*, to alter the Dates of ſome Tobacco Notes; or that my Overſeer, *Abraham Rhodes*, had apply'd by my Orders, for new Notes for old Tobacco, in order to impoſe on Mr. CHARLES DIGGES, Merchant, in *Upper Marlborough*, and you'll oblige

Your humble Servant,

JAMES WEEMS.

"THIS is to Certify, That the ſcandalous and malicious Report that "hath been reported of Mr. *James Weems*, "ſetting forth, That he the ſaid *Weems*, did "apply to me the Subſcriber, Inſpector at "*Lower Marlborough*, to alter the Dates of "ſome old Tobacco Notes, is Falſe, as I "hereby do Certify, he never did offer ſuch "a Thing to me, neither did I ever ſay he "alter'd any Notes: As Witneſs my Hand, "this 21ˢᵗ *February* 1767.

"WM. IRELAND, junr."

"SOME Time laſt *September* 1766, ac-"cidentally meeting with Mr. *James* "*Weems*, he requir'd of me to go to *Lower* "*Marlborough*, to Inſpect a Hogſhead of "Tobacco that was there, of his; and "further deſir'd me to tell Mr. *Ireland*, the "Inſpector, to make out Notes for all To-"bacco of his at that Warehouſe, and to "ſend them to him at the Aſſize Court, by "Mr. *Grahame*, Capt. *Biſhoprick*, or ſome "ſafe Perſon. I apply'd to Mr. *Ireland*, as "Mr. *Weems* deſir'd me, on which Mr. *Ire-*"*land* ſaid, He had not Inſpected the Hogs-"heads, but that he had made out Notes "for all the Reſt of his Tobacco, and ſent "them by Capt. *Biſhoprick* to Court. I re-"turn'd without Inſpecting the Hogſhead "above mention'd. As to Mr. *Ireland* or "any other Perſon ſaying, that I apply'd "for new Notes for old Tobacco, or that "Mr. *Weems* requir'd me to apply for new "Notes, the ſame is Falſe.

"ABRAHAM RHODES, junr.

Now, *candid Reader*, if theſe Certificates ſatisfy you of my Innocence in the firſt Allegation, I think Mr. *Frank Leeke*'s Agreement with me, the 10ᵗʰ Day of *September* 1766, in behalf of Mr. *Charles Digges*, muſt convince every impartial Perſon, I had no Occaſion to alter the Dates of Notes, which Agreement was, to take All the Tobacco I then had by me, or cou'd get ready by the laſt of that Month, at a certain Price. Did not ſuch an Agreement leave me at Liberty to pay old Tobacco? Then what Occaſion to alter Dates? I am certain Mr. *Leeke* will grant that I refus'd ſelling any, when he apply'd to me, unleſs he wou'd take the Whole; and that the Day we agreed, I delivered him Fifty-two Hogſheads, Three of which were old Tobacco, and whether he remembers it or not, I do aver and can prove it, he then noticed the old Notes, and aſk'd, If there wou'd be any more? To which I reply'd, If I got all Reprizᵈ that I had at the different Warehouſes, believed there wou'd be Two or Three more; to which he then made no Objection; and has ſince ſaid to my Sons, He ſhou'd have made no Objection to a few Hogſheads in ſuch a Quantity as I delivered within the Month, *viz.* Sixty-two Hogſheads. That the Dates of Two Notes are alter'd, I believe, and ſome People may aſk, Who but yourſelf wou'd alter them? To which I can only Reply, as the Huſbandman in the Goſpel, *Matth.* xiii. 28, that, *An Enemy hath done this*; as I am ready to take the Holy Sacrament I never did. Therefore hope to be acquitted by every honeſt worthy Man; ſuch I eſteem, as to the others they are, and always will be, deſpiſed by

JAMES WEEMS.

LEGHORN, *October* 28.

IT is juſt now reported, that the Courts of Verſailles and London have at length ſucceeded in their Endeavours to terminate the Diſpute between the Genoeſe and the Rebels of Corſica.

Leghorn, Nov. 1. A Ship arrived here a few Days ago from the Levant, richly laden, and among other Things had ſeveral Bales of Saffron on board; by a thick Smoke which was perceived to iſſue from the Hold, it appeared that the Saffron had taken fire, and ſeveral Boats put off to their Aſſiſtance, but could not board the Ship on account of the tempeſtuous Weather at that Time; ſo that about Six in the Evening ſhe was in Flames, and was totally conſumed in a very ſhort Time. The Captain ſaid he foreſaw the Accident two Days before, and took every neceſſary Precaution to prevent it, though without Effect.

Paris, Nov. 24. Letters from Algiers adviſe, that on the 29th of September laſt a Galliot belonging to that Regency, brought there a Sailor, a Cabin-Boy, a Novice, and a Woman Paſſenger, who were on board the Modeſte Frigate that was loſt ſome Time ago in the Mediterranean. The Captain and 34 more took to the Mainmaſt, and 15 others to the Bowſprit, among whom were the Four Perſons abovementioned. They continued floating for Six Days, without Cloaths or Proviſions, and ſubſiſted only upon their own Urine, and ſome Sea-Water; ten of theſe unhappy People died one after another, and the remaining Five were taken up the 6th Day by an Algerine Galliot, the Captain of which treated them with the greateſt Humanity.

Gieſſen, Oct. 29. The Day before Yeſterday a Fire broke out at Miſna, a Village in the Principality of Naſſau-Weilbourg, which conſumed 26 Houſes, 28 Granaries, and 25 Stables.

LONDON, *November* 20.

It is a trite Maxim, that a Prophet receives no Honour in his own Country—Experience tells us, there is no Rule that will not admit of Exception. —At preſent, a third of Germany is in an Uproar on account of a Second-ſighted German, a Native and Inhabitant of Cologne. It is ſtrongly affirmed, that in the Year 1764 he promulged, that the Dauphin of France would die in the Year 1765, *and he* DID *ſo!*—That, in 1765, he gave out, that there would be a conſiderable Earthquake at Conſtantinople in 1766—*and there* WAS *one!*—And that, now, in 1766, he has publicly predicted, that there will be a terrible Earthquake in London 1767; that almoſt the whole of Aſia will be buried in Ruins, by another 1770; and, that the World will be finally at an End in 1773—This *Story* paſſes in many Parts of Germany, as a *Truth*; but the intelligent ſeem to regard the *fulfilled* Prophecies, as Prophecies uttered *after* the Completion of the Events—the *only* certain Method of Prophecy-making.

'Tis ſaid that a ſpirited Memorial has been ſent over to Holland in relation to the barbarous Treatment which a Britiſh Subject lately received on board a Dutch Man of War.

We are told, that the Sheriff of a certain County, lately ſent up his Compliments to Mr. Akerman the Keeper of Newgate, begging the loan of his Hangman to execute ſome Convicts, as he could not get any Body to perform the Operation. [*The Rioters.*]

Dec. 4. Letters from the Weſt of England ſay, that the Cloathing-Buſineſs was never known under ſo great a Stagnation as at preſent, many Thouſands of Poor, being idle for Want of Employ.

We are informed that a very ingenious Gentleman has invented the Method of making China, or Porcelain equal to that made in China or Dreſden, of ſo durable a Nature, that Gold, Silver, Iron, &c. may be melted therein without the China receiving the leaſt Damage, all other Attempts to imitate the ſame being hitherto found ineffectual.

We are aſſured that every Third Rate Man of War, ſtationed two or three Years in the Weſt-Indies, ſuffers conſtantly ſo much from the Worms, that they are under the Neceſſity of being Docked at their Return, the Coſt of which to the Nation is not leſs than £. 20,000 upon each Ship, not on account of Plank alone, but in the extraordinary Expence incurred by removing and refixing the inner Plank effectually: It muſt therefore afford real Pleaſure to every Well-wiſher to his Country to be informed, that an ingenious Chymiſt of this City has diſcovered, experimentally, an effectual Method of preſerving Ships Bottoms from the Perforations of the Marine Worm. The Application is ſimple and ſo cheap, that a Third Rate will not coſt £. 150. The Importance of this Diſcovery having been repreſented to the Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty, their Lordſhips have been pleaſed to order a convincing Experiment to be made upon the Scarborough Man of War now fitting for Sea at Deptford, which has been done accordingly, under the Inventor's Inſpection.

We hear that a Negotiation of great Importance is juſt concluded between the Courts of *London* and *Berlin*.

It is ſaid, that a conſiderable Bounty will ſoon be granted on the Importation of American Log-wood and Hemp.

It is ſaid that no ſuperior Poſts in the Army will, for the future, be Diſpoſed of or Exchanged, without the Conſent and Approbation of his Majeſty.

Dec. 13. They write from Quebec, that next Spring they were in great Hopes of diſcovering a navigable Communication from Lake Superior, to the South-Sea, by Means of a great River, which the native Indians had reported to run many Leagues to the Weſtward.

They write from Warſaw, that the Ruſſian and Pruſſian Miniſters have each preſented a Declaration to the King, requiring that the Law made in 1764, by Virtue of which the Affairs of Oeconomy and Juſtice were to be decided by Majority of Votes, may ſtand confirmed; but that all Matters which come under the Denomination of Affairs of State, and particularly the Augmentation of the Troops, be excepted from that Manner of Deciſion. This Declaration we are told ſurpriſed as much, or more, than the Recommendation made in Favour of the Proteſtants.

Advices from Warſaw dated Nov. 13. import, that, the Day before, the Pope's Nuncio had a public Audience of the King and the States. This Prelate being brought in one of the King's Coaches to the Hall of the Aſſembly, took his Place between the Throne and the Seat of the Prince Primate; after which he pronounced a Speech in Latin, in which he reminded his Majeſty of the Pacta Conventa, and exhorted the Senate and Equeſtrian order to grant nothing to the Proteſtants beyond thoſe Rights of which they are in actual Poſſeſſion.

A certain Gentleman, it is related, very lately ſent a Preſent to the Mayor and Corporation of the Devizes, of a Turtle, for their Entertainment on an approaching Feaſt-Day. The Turtle arrived, but the Corporation unhappily could not produce a Cook who would undertake to dreſs it: An Expreſs, therefore, was obliged to be ſent off to the Honor at London, in order to get ſupplied with this neceſſary Article, which was ſoon procured at the Expence of Ten Guineas and a Poſt-Chaiſe and Four, which, Neck or Nothing, wheeled

down the Operator just in Time to perform his Office.

The following odd Incident lately happened at Glentanner in Scotland: A large Eagle had seized upon a Cat, which he carried up in the Air, in Sight of several Persons, when after a Conflict of some Minutes, they both fell down dead, having torn each other in a terrible Manner.

Nov. 20. Special Commissions have passed the Great Seal for the Trial of the late Rioters in Norfolk, Norwich, Berks, Wilts, the City and County of Gloucester.

On Tuesday Evening died, in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Cotton, the Excise-Officer, who was burnt on Monday Night at Mr. Wright's, Distiller, in White-Friars; and we are authorized to say, the following is the Fact relative to that terrible Accident:—On Monday Night, about 11 o'Clock, the above Officer came to relieve one Brindell Higby, another Excise-Officer then on Duty, when they agreed together to go down into a Vat that the Spirits Work into every Day from the Still, and which is every Night pumped up into the Store Vats, and had been done so that Night, that nothing remained but what the Pump would not draw up, and some Dirt which there generally is at the Bottom, of such Vats, which are in constant Use; however, the little Spirit that did remain, and which was not fit for a Christian to drink, they agreed to get out to mix with some Water; but when the Man, who is since dead, was getting into the Vat with a Candle in his Hand, the Ladder by which he was getting down slipped, and he tumbled into the Vat, which was above five Feet deep, and the Candle immediately set Fire to it, he being in the Midst of the Flames; however, the other Exciseman got him out alive, and Cotton told the whole Affair, with this Expression, that as a dying Man, what is above related is the Fact; upon which Mr. Wright immediately sent him to the Hospital, and the other Officer to the Compter.—If Officers of Excise are allowed to commit such wicked Practices, and not taken proper Notice of by their Superiors, Tradesmen subject to have such People come about their Houses (especially in the Night Time, and where there is such a Quantity of Spirits as there was on the Premises when this was done) are and will be in a most horrid Situation.

Private Letters from Warsaw advise, that the Affair of the Protestants in Poland is not likely to be soon adjusted, his Polish Majesty being entirely averse to grant them any more Privileges and Immunities than what they already enjoy.

Dec. 8. At Reading one of the Rioters was found Guilty, and condemned to die, as were 8 at Norwich, one other was found Guilty, and 5 to remain in Goal till next Assizes, or find Bail.

Many Pieces appear in the English Papers, urging the Expediency of Proceeding with great Lenity towards the unhappy People who have in the late Riots incurred the Penalties of the Law—since they seem to have been reduced to the single Alternative, *of dying by Famine*, or *of exposing themselves to the Hazard of Death by the Law*.—And, since their severest Censurers must allow—that it is at least very uncertain, whether any less violent Measures would have been effectual to procure a Redress of Grievances.—

Thursday Morning a Servant Wench in the Minories, was to be married to a Journeyman Shoemaker in the Neighbourhood, when, O dire Misfchance! just as the happy Couple were setting out for Church, the Bride fell in Labour, and was delivered of two chopping Boys, in less than an Hour; a Circumstance which occasioned an unavoidable Suspension of the Ceremony.

Dec. 11. In Gloucester there are 120 Rioters to be tried, and 42 in Salisbury.

They write from Lisbon, that certain Advice was received, of the Naval Preparations of the Algerines being designed to cruise against the Trade of Portugal, both within and without the Streights of Gibraltar.

Among other Ornaments erected to grace the Entry of the Queen of Denmark into Copenhagen, was a triumphal Arch, 43 Cubits high, supported by fourteen Pillars of the Corinthian Order; and near the Town-House was a Frontispiece thirty-five Cubits high, by fifty-three long, and fifteen deep. This last represented a Portico of the Corinthian Order, resting on ten Columns.

By Letters from Paris of the 4th Instant, we have an Account that no less than three British Ambassadors, who had been successively appointed, were then present at the French Court, viz. the Earl of Hertford, the Duke of Richmond, and the Earl of Rochford.

Dec. 15. It is now confidently reported, that the Parliament have taken into their Consideration the Pay of the Reduced Officers of his Majesty's Navy, and have thought it so very inadequate to the even decent Support of their different Ranks in that Service, that they intend to increase the Half-Pay of the Lieutenants (who rank as Captains) from Two Shillings a Day, to Three Shillings; the Masters and Commanders (who rank as Majors) from Four Shillings, to Five; and the Post-Captains (who rank as Colonels) that are now upon Four Shillings a Day, to Six Shillings.

We hear the Widows of Warrant Officers in the Navy, will have Pensions assigned of 30l. per Ann. Quarterly Payments; and those of deceased Lieutenants and Captains, to enjoy the Allowance of Half-Pay during Life; and that a Fund will speedily be established for that Purpose.

It is said that a certain Nobleman demanded the Dismission of two Noblemen, and another Person eminent in the Law, as a Preliminary to his Friends entering into Power. That most of the Appointments above mention'd were to Places voluntarily resign'd—But it is said the great Statesman was so far from being intimidated by those Resignations, that he was more firm than ever, in prosecuting his Plans of Government.—Many other great Changes were talked of and expected, and it was said Seventeen new Peers were to be created in Ireland, not one of whom had ever set Foot in that Country. *Alas poor Ireland!*

It is confidently asserted, that any considerable Change in the Ministry, is never effected under an Expence to the Public, of Fifty Thousand Pounds. *Poor Old England!*

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman of the Factory at Lisbon, to his Correspondent in London, Nov. 3.

——"There is a most astonishing Change here within a short Time, with respect to religious Matters: The Pope has lost all his Influence, and the Inquisition dare not exert theirs. A Book has been lately published here, wherein it is plainly set forth, that whenever the Pope deviates from his hierarchical Dignity, the Government of the Church devolves entirely upon the Bishops, as to their respective Dioceses; and there are many Insinuations in this Piece, that his Holiness has been very fallible in this Respect. In a Word, it would not be at all surprising to see a Reformation here in a short Time, and the Portuguese, from a Bigoted, Ignorant, Superstitious People, become an Enlightened, Philosophical Race; for they are not naturally dull, but are lulled to this State of insensibility by mere Priestcraft. This would be a very fortunate Change for the English Nation in general, and the Factory here in particular."

Extract of a Letter from Mountauban, Nov. 19.

"We are in the greatest Consternation here. The River Tarna has overflowed its Banks, in such a Manner, for these three Days past, that three Suburbs of this City are surrounded by it, and the Waters undermining the Foundations of all the Houses in them, have already thrown down thirty. The Ground wherever the Stream spreads is so penetrated by it, that the largest Street of the principal of these Suburbs, which is also the richest Quarter of the City, is hollowed in several Places. More than two hundred Families, who lived in the Houses that are overflown, have been obliged to save themselves with Precipitation, with their most valuable Effects, abandoning the rest, as well as their Houses, to the Mercy of the Waters. The Intendant of the Province has passed nearly two whole Days and two Nights in giving, on the Spot, the necessary Orders either for supporting such Houses as threatned Ruin, and in getting out the People who were Exposing their Lives for the Sake of saving their Goods, or in seeing those Effects removed to a Place of Safety, which they had Time to get out of the Houses. Bread is distributed in the public Places to such of the People as are without Resource or Place of Refuge; and in the Night Time, these unhappy Creatures retire to the Churches. The Loss already occasioned by the Deluge, with the Consequences which there is Reason to fear may attend it, will not be repaired in upwards of thirty Years. This Morning the Water is lowered three Feet, and it is probable its Ravages will be attended with the Fall of several Houses, when it will withdraw entirely. Only one Person, at Present, is said to have perished."—— [*Montauban is a City of France, in the Province of Guienne, on the River Agout, 18 Miles North of Thoulouse.*]

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated Dec. 1.

The following Answer made by the King of Poland to the Representations of the Empress of Russia in Favour of the Protestants in that Country, was transmitted to Madame Geoffrin.

"I have not forgot the Obligations I am under to the Empress of Russia, among the Means which GOD Almighty made use of to raise me to the Throne; but when I came to it I promised the exact Observation of my Religion throughout my Kingdom. If I was weak enough to abandon it, my Life and my Throne would be exposed to the just Resentment of my Subjects. I am threatened with forcible Means to oblige me to do what is asked of me, which would reduce me to an Extremity equally unhappy. I perceive some Danger in whatever Resolution I may take; but I had rather be exposed to such as my Duty and Honour induce me to make Choice of; and from this Time I join with my Country in Defence of our Holy Religion."

Dublin, Nov. 22. We hear from Londonderry, that on the 1st of October last (the Day on which the Act prohibiting the Distilling of Spirits from Corn expired) there was a very numerous Meeting of the Inhabitants of that Place, mostly of a middling and inferior Class, who are the principal Consumers of Corn Spirits, and that they unanimously entered into an Association, and bound themselves under a Penalty, that they would not drink any Whisky, or Spirits distilled from Corn, for one Year from that Day. This Association was signed by above Nine Hundred Persons, who have inviolably adhered to it; and the good Effects of it are such, that there is scarce any Whisky distilled now in this Town.

Dublin, Dec. 2. Many Letters are come to Hand from different Parts, intimating that if there be not a total Stop to the Distilling of Oats, there will be an universal Famine throughout the Kingdom before next May.

The Paragraph in the English Papers of the Convicts on board the ——, Capt. Ford, bound from this Place for East-Florida, having murdered the Crew, &c. and that some of them were apprehended and confined in our Goal, is without Foundation.

BASSETERRE, *(St. Christophers) Jan.* 28.

By Captain Dyer, of the Anna Theresa Packet, who arrived here on Sunday Evening last, we have Advice, that, on the 28th of December last, a Brig bound to Barbadoes, from Newfoundland, run ashore on Needham's Point, off Bridgetown, and was entirely lost. The Captain further informs us, that an Insurrection of the Negroes has happened at the Island of Granada, where a Body of them, to the Number of 6 or 700, who had chiefly deserted from the French Inhabitants, had taken Possession of some inaccessible Mountains, from whence they made frequent Sallies, and committed terrible Devastations upon their Masters, many of whom they had killed. When Captain Dyer came away, General Melvil had sent a Party of 40 Men, with 1 Cohorn, to Endeavour to suppress them, but with what Success, Capt. Dyer had not Time to learn.

NEW-YORK, *February* 19.

The public Prints brought by the Packet, are, in general, very barren of Intelligence of any Importance: Our Advices by private Letters and Reports are; That his Majesty's Ships now on this Station, are to continue here three Years longer:—That his Majesty's most gracious Pardon is come over for the unhappy Pendergast, who was condemned in Dutchess County last Summer for High Treason:——That Mr. Thomas Cumming, who has the King's Patent to be Vendue-Master of New-York, has sent over a Deputation to Mr. John Alsop, Merchant of this City; but whether he will exercise that Office here, or try Titles with those who now exercise it, is not for us to say:—That the Intelligence we had some Time ago of Brigadier General Stanwix, with his Lady and Family, being lost in their Passage from Ireland to England, is fully confirmed; and by whose Loss a considerable Estate falls to a distant Relation:—And that the riotous Spirit so predominant in England, on Account of the Dearness of Provisions, seems to subside.——The Packet had a fine Passage till she came upon our Coast, where she continued beating for near three Weeks before she got in.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 26.

Extract of a Letter from London, Nov. 25, 1766.

"In an August Assembly, the Opposition (that is, those who are out of Place) headed by G. G---v--le, found much Fault with the great Stretch of the Royal Prerogative, in putting a Stop to the Exportation of Corn, contrary to several express Acts of Parliament, without calling the Parliament together, which they insisted upon might easily have been done, at any Time, upon a Fortnight's Notice, instead of which, at the very Period when the Scarcity of Corn appeared to be certain and inevitable, it was prorogued (September 10,) for an unusual Length of Time,

61 Days, instead of 40, the common Period of Prorogations; that if they suffered this to pass unnoticed, future Ministers would be tempted to venture on like Exertions of the Prerogative, on Occasions dangerous to the Liberty of the Subject, &c. &c. I have not indeed Patience, even to repeat all the Nonsense that was thrown out by G---v--le, who spoke evidently from a Spirit of Faction and Resentment, and who sets out this Session, precisely as he did the last, in the most virulent Opposition to all the Operations of the Ministry, without Reason, Sense, or Argument. Were I his Master, no Motive whatever should induce me to take him into my Service again, be his Abilities (and they are but second Rate) what they will.—He was answered very pertinently by S-------y C----y, on Behalf of the Ministry, that this Exertion of the Prerogative, was made for the most salutary and necessary Purposes, no less than to prevent a general Scarcity; that he owned he was one that advised it; that he knew when he did so, that he became answerable to Parliament for such Advice; that he submitted it to them, whether this was a proper Exertion of the Prerogative, or whether it tended, in the remotest Degree, to infringe the Liberty of the Subject; that the honourable Gentleman who spoke last (Mr. G---v--le) must have certainly received some new Lights of late, who had himself last Year strenuously argued in Behalf of General Warrants, an Exertion of Prerogative which most nearly affected the Liberty of the Subject, and which could not be vindicated by the Plea of Necessity, as in the present Case; that calling the Parliament together in the Summer Season, when many of the Members were very variously and widely dispersed, would, he apprehended, have given too great an Alarm to the Nation; that there was no Necessity for it; and that as to calling them together at any Time, at so short a Notice as 12 or 14 Days, he appealed to the House, whether this would not be a most dangerous Precedent, as a Minister, by that Means, would be able to surprize the House into any pernicious Scheme he might be disposed to carry.—He concluded with saying, that the Conduct of these Gentlemen was uniform enough; for when in Place, they wanted to deprive the People of their Liberty (referring to General Warrants) and now they wanted to deprive them of their Food.—Mr. G---v--le then proposed (in my Opinion most absurdly) that for the present Relief of the Poor, they should address His Majesty to administer to their Necessities in such Manner, as to his Royal Wisdom shall seem meet; assuring him, that they would make good the same out of the first Aids granted by Parliament.—To this it was objected, that it was impossible to distribute such Relief, in a proper Manner; that if it were possible, it would be highly improper, as it would seem to allow, there were no Means left to relieve them but by a Distribution of Public Money, which at best would be very inefficient, and would appear, as if they bribed them to be quiet; that the Evil ought to be probed to the Bottom, and the real Causes of our present Situation ought to be explored, and such Remedies applied as were more adequate to the Necessities of the Poor, than any temporary Relief could be.—To this G---v--le replied, that he having endeavoured to make our Colonies in America contribute to the Support of Government, they had bribed them to be quiet, by a total Repeal of that Law; and that it was very strange, they would not do that for the Relief of their Poor at Home, which they did for the Americans, who were well able to bear the Tax.—G---v--le, as he well deserved, was totally defeated; for he was but poorly seconded.—You see this is only another wicked Effort, to Embarrass our Councils, and to divert the Parliament from the necessary Business of the Nation.—For my own Part, I wish well to the State in general, whoever has the Management of our Affairs, and therefore I want to see a permanent, able, and honest Ministry, unmolested with Faction, in good Earnest set about a thorough Enquiry into the real Causes of our present Distresses and Discontents; and every Man who attempts to divert the Ministry, for the Time being from doing this, I consider as an Enemy to his Country.—I should have told you, by the bye, that S——y C——y behaved both with Modesty and Spirit.——In answer to a Charge of Ignorance, that had been thrown out by G---v--le, in the Debate about the Proclamation for preventing the Exportation of Corn; he said he pretended not to be very expert in the Duties of his Office, but that as he acted with the purest Intentions for the Good of his Sovereign, and his Country, and was conscious of the Integrity of his Heart, for this Reason he thought he, in some Measure, deserved the Place he held, tho' he was ready, with Chearfulness, to resign it, whenever his Majesty thought proper to fill it with one of greater Abilities. In the other House, Lord T--p-e, I am told, acted much the same Part with Mr. G—v--le, and with the same Success.

"Upon the whole, I think it may be fairly concluded, that as the Opposition have at present so very little to find Fault with; as the Nation, in general, are quite tired with Opposition to Men only, without regarding Measures; as the State of the Nation requires immediate Attention; and as the Parliament is drawing near its Conclusion, the present Members will be induced to recommend themselves to their Electors, by exerting themselves this Session, in doing something for the People.

"One important Piece of Business will certainly come before them soon, that is, the Affairs of the East-India Company, as it is certainly necessary for the permanent Security of our great Acquisitions and Conquests in that Part of the World, that they should be taken more immediately under the Protection of the Government, and therefore I do not think the Company have any Thing to apprehend from this Enquiry, that can be detrimental to their Interest."

ANNAPOLIS, *March* 5.

Letters from Home mention the numerous and frequent Changes in the Officers of the Crown and Ministry, which were in a very unsettled State, and gave Rise to a Report, "*That an Office was going to be set up for the Insurance of Places in the Administration, from one Week to a Twelve-Month, at - - - - - - per Week.*"

Monday last, by the breaking down of a Scaffold at the Stern of a Ship on the Stocks on the Dock, several Persons below very narrowly escaped with their Lives, and Mr. *Wright Mills*, Ship-Joiner, who fell with it, got most terribly Hurt. The Accident was occasion'd by a Boatman making fast to it.

Monday Evening the Revd. Mr. ALKIN, of *Queen-Anne*'s County, was Married to Miss ELLIN MIDDLETON, Daughter of Mr. *H. S. Middleton* of this City.

☞ In the last Edition of the *Maryland Almanack*, there is one Mistake, which the Reader is desired to correct. The Provincial Courts are said to be held the *Second* Tuesdays in *May* and *October*: It ought to have been the *Third*.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thursday the 12th of this Instant March; *at the House of the Subscribers, in* George-Town,

SUNDRY GOODS and MERCHANDIZE, consisting of *English* Brown-Linen, fine and Felt Hats, Mens and Womens Shoes and Stockings, and several other Articles too tedious to mention. Also, some Household Furniture; and Half of a LOT, which is improved according to the Act of Assembly.

The above Sale will begin at Eleven o'Clock, and continue till all are sold. Credit will be given the Purchasers till the 10th Day of *July* next, on giving Bond, with Security if required, to

THOMPSON and FARISH.

N. B. The Goods will be made out in Lots suitable to the Buyers.

AS the Copartnership between the Subscribers will shortly be dissolved, they request all Persons Indebted to them, to come and pay off their respective Balances, and those who cannot pay immediately may have further Time, on settling their Accounts by Bonds, Notes, or otherwise.

THOMPSON and FARISH.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, for Sterling Cash, Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange, on Saturday the 28th Instant, on the Premises, pursuant, and according to the Direction of the Last Will and Testament of Mr. Thomas Hollyday, *late of* Prince-George's *County, Deceased,*

A VALUABLE LOT in the Town of *Nottingham*, on which is a good Dwelling-House, together with a large Stable lately built, and a Garden paled in. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to Mr. *John Waring of Prince-George's*.

All Persons having any legal Claims against the Estate of the said *Thomas Hollyday*, deceased, are requested to bring them in, that they may be adjusted; and all those who are indebted to the same, are desired to come and settle their respective Debts with

ANNE HOLLYDAY, Executrix.

To be SOLD, on Thursday the Second of April next, to the Highest Bidder, at the House of Mr. Caleb Conner, *Deceased, at* Herring-Bay, *for Current Money, or good* London *Bills of Exchange,*

A PARCEL of Choice SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women, and Children; his Stock of Horses, Cattle, Houshold Furniture, and Plantation Utensils.

All Persons Indebted to Mr. *Conner*'s Estate, must make immediate Payment; and those that have any Claims, are desired to bring them in, to

(4w) ACHSAH CONNER, Executrix.

February 23, 1767.

To be SOLD to the highest Bidder, by the Subscriber, living on the Eastern Branch of Potowmack; *on Monday the 23d Day of* March, *at the House of* Joseph Belt, George-Town, Frederick *County,*

ABOUT 281 Acres of Wood Land, two Miles above the said Town. *Rock-Creek* runs thro' part of it, where there is a Site for a Mill. For Title and Terms of Sale, apply to

(w3) WALTER EVANS.

LOST, in ANNAPOLIS, on Saturday the 28th of *February*, A small POCKET-BOOK, with several Papers therein, of little Value to any Person but the Owner; there is, in particular, about 12*l. Virginia* Currency, supposed to be Counterfeits, one 3*l.* Bill, indorsed, *D. M'Canaughey, Geo. Davis, Tench Francis*, and *John Reilly*; a 20*s.* Bill, *Alexr. Lawson*.

Whoever may have found the said Pocket-Book, and will bring it to the Subscriber, with the Papers therein contained, shall have Thirty Shillings Currency, paid by

(tf) S. MIDDLETON.

March 3, 1767.

RAN away Yesterday, from the Subscriber's Plantation, in the Fork of *Gunpowder*, in *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, the Two following Servants, *viz.*

JOHN WHITTON, an *English* Convict; has been in the Country about 3 Years, is about 35 Years of Age, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, dark Complexion, has short dark brown, or black Hair; he can Read and Write; had on and took with him, two Country Fulled Jackets, with Leather Buttons, white Kersey Breeches, coarse Yarn Stockings, and Country made Shoes nail'd in the Soles and Heels, a Felt Hat, and two Osnabrige Shirts.

PATRICK FACHY, an Indented *Irish* Servant Lad, has been in the Country about 4 Months, is about 5 Feet 7 Inches high, has brown Hair, and grey Eyes, fair Complexion, and a fresh Colour, has a Scar below his under Lip, speaks very pert and lively, and can Read and Write, and says he understands Navigation; had on and took with him, a dark-grey Cloth Coat, faced with Serge, a brown Cloth Jacket, with Mohair Buttons, a new Country Fulled Jacket, with Leather Buttons, a Pair of old Leather, and a Pair of white Kersey Breeches, two Pair of Yarn Stockings, one Pair blue, a Pair of old Pumps, and a Pair of strong Shoes nail'd in the Heels, two Osnabrigs, and two old Check Shirts, and a new Felt Hat.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, or either of them, and secures them in any Jail, so that their Master gets them again, shall have Twenty Shillings for each, if taken 10 Miles from home; if out of the County, Forty Shillings for each; if out of the Province, Three Pounds Reward for each, and reasonable Charges, if brought home, paid by

CHARLES RIDGELY, junr.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Waller*, junior, on *Patowmack* River, *Frederick* County, *Maryland*, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse, about 13 Hands high, a Blaze down his Face, a natural Pacer, his Tail is dock'd, but he hath no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Lewens*, in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Stone COLT, about 7 Hands high, neither dock'd nor branded, has some white Hairs in his Forehead, and Trots and Gallops.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Baltimore-Town, 1767.

CASH for BILLS; or, BILLS for CASH.

JONATHAN PLOWMAN.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, on Saturday the 7th Day of March next, at the late Dwelling-House of Samuel Day, *at the Head of* South-River.

ONE Hundred ACRES of LAND, called CHAYNEY PURCHASE.

(*2) BENJAMIN WELSH.

February 4, 1767.

THE Subscriber having laid out a Point of Land adjoining to *Baltimore-Town*, and *Fell's Point*, into about 270 Lots, will LEASE, or SELL the same, as may best suit the Purchasers. They stand high, pleasant and healthy; the Soil is good for Gardens, and fine Well Water may be had. *Jones's Falls* run round the Land, so that Flats and Boats may come very convenient to the greatest Part of the Lots. The Public Road to *Fell's Point* leads through the Land: All Lots taken within Twelve Months, shall go at 6 *d.* Sterling per Foot Ground Rent, for 99 Years, renewable for ever, or he will Sell them out and out, for a Principal equal to the Interest; a Plan of the Lots may be seen at his House, near the Lower-Bridge Foot.

BRIAN PHILPOT.

N. B. Any Person taking a Lot, and Building a good House, not less than 25 by 16 Feet, within Two Years, shall have Three Years Rent free, from the Date of the Lease.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 6th Day of April *next, on the Premises, for Sterling Cash, Dollars at* 4 *s.* 6 *d. or good Bills of Exchange,*

A TRACT of LAND, lying in the Forks of *Gunpowder*, about 12 Miles from *Baltimore-Town*, called, THE LAND OF PROMISE, containing Eight Hundred Acres, the greatest Part of which, is as good as any in the Country, very proper for either Farming or Plantation Business; there is about a Hundred and Twenty-four Acres cleared, with a large new Framed Dwelling-House, and a good Cellar under, a very good new Framed Barn, Three good Tobacco Houses, an extraordinary good Kitchen, and all other convenient Out-Houses, a new paled Garden, a young Apple-Orchard. A good Part of the above Land may be made into Meadow Ground.

(6*) NICHOLAS L. DARNALL.

THE Subscriber, having supplied himself with a BOAT and HANDS fit to carry PASSENGERS up and down the BAY, as also to PILOT SHIPS from *Annapolis* to *Cape Henry*, gives this Public Notice, That any Gentlemen who have Occasion to Travel that Way, or any Ships that have Need of a PILOT, shall be faithfully served, by *Their humble Servant*,

ROBERT BRYCE.

WANTED,

A MILLER, any Person who understands Dressing and Tending a Tub-Mill, may have immediate Employment, and good Wages, by applying to the Subscriber, in *Prince-George's* County, *Patuxent* River, near *Nottingham*.

FRANCIS WARING.

COMMITTED to *Dorchester* County Goal, as a Runaway, the 24th Day of *December* 1766, a Mulatto Man, by the Name of *Bob*, and when brought, said he belonged to Mr. *John Waters* of *Somerset* County, but upon further Examination, says he belongs to one *Richard Connoway*, and that he left his Master in *Patuxent* River, he is about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, and well-set; Cotton Jacket and Breeches, an old Hat Patched with some of the same. If the said *Richard Connoway*, or any other Person, be his Master, he or they, are desired to come and Release the said *Bob* from Goal, and Pay his Charges, or he will be sold agreeable to Act of Assembly in that Case made and provided, by JOHN DICKENSON, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A HOUSE and LOT in *George-Town*, on *Rock-Creek*, adjoining Mr. *Peter's* Store.

Also, a SCHOONER, of about Thirty-five Tons, with a Cargo of about 250 Barrels of FLOUR. And if the Purchaser likes, the Subscriber will engage to furnish him with another Cargo, by the last of *May*, or first of *June* next.

JACOB FUNCK.

Any Persons inclinable to Purchase, may apply to Mr. *Thomas Johns*, at *George-Town*, who has a Power to Sell, from [illegible] (w 4) *J. F.*

January 28, 1767.

ALL Persons indebted to Messieurs *Stewart* and *Armour*; Messieurs *John Stewart*, and Company, or Messieurs *John Stewart* and *Campbell*, either on Bond, Note, Protested Bills, or Accompts Current, for Dealings with *Alexander Stewart*, *Stewart* and *Lux*, or with *William Lux*, on Account of Servants, are once more requested to come and Pay off their respective Balances; or their Accompts, &c. will be immediately put in Suit without respect of Persons.

Those who have open Accompts for Dealings with *William Lux*, in Messieurs *John Stewart* and *Campbell's* Store, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, are entreated to come and Pay them off, or settle and give Bond with Security, if required, otherwise their sundry Accompts will be put into the Hands of a Lawyer. Attendance will be constantly given at the Landing, for the above mentioned Purposes. Those who appear, agreeable to this Notice, and shew Cause why they are not able to pay, will have necessary Indulgence allowed them.

The Subscriber has for Sale, about £. 1400 First Cost of GOODS, which will be sold cheap, for ready Cash, good Bills of Exchange, or Credit, on giving Security, if required.

ALEXANDER STEWART.

WANTED,

A MAN that understands Book-keeping, and will undertake the keeping the Books of an Iron-Works; such a Person that can come well recommended, will meet with Employ, by applying to

THO^S. SAMUEL, and JOHN SNOWDEN.

February 18, 1767.

To be SOLD to the highest Bidder, at the Plantation of Samuel Howard, *deceased, near* Annapolis, *on* Severn-River, *on Thursday the* 12*th of* March, *at* 10 *o'Clock, for Current Money, or good Bills of Exchange, or Bonds on Interest, with good Security,*

A Parcel of fine SLAVES, consisting of Men, Women and Children, sundry Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs, Houshold Furniture, a Parcel of Leather, and Plantation Utensils.

SAMUEL HOWARD, JOHN HOWARD, } Administrators.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 14, 1767.

RAN away on the second Instant, from a Plantation at the upper End of *Anne-Arundel* County, near Mr. *Samuel Mansell's*, Two Servant Men, *viz.*

JAMES M^CDANIEL, an *Irishman*, lately imported, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, with dark brown Hair: Had on when he went away, a Felt Hat, old Bearskin Coat, striped double-breasted Flannel Waistcoat, a Pair of Buckskin Breeches, white Yarn Stockings, Country-made Shoes, and a white Holland and Osnabrig Shirt.

JOHN NORMAN, an *Englishman*, about 5 Feet high, with dark brown Hair, fresh Complexion, and when spoke to, has a down-cast Look: Had on and took with him when he went away, a new Felt Hat, yellow double-breasted Cotton Jacket, two black and white striped Ditto, Leather Breeches, black Yarn Stockings, Country-made Shoes, and a white Holland and Osnabrig Shirt, with several other Things they have taken from other Servants. There are missing two Bay Horses, about 13 Hands high, one branded NH joined together, about 15 Years old; the other with a Brand unknown, about 9 Years old, which it is supposed they have taken.

Whoever takes up the said Servants, or either of them, and secures them in any Jail, or brings them to *Thomas King*, Overseer at the aforesaid Plantation, or to the Subscribers, if taken in the Province, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward for each; if out, FIVE POUNDS each, and reasonable Charges, paid by

SAMUEL CHASE, PHILIP HAMMOND, *Annapolis.*

It is supposed they have wrote themselves Passes.

WHEREAS WILLIAM, the Son of JOHN RICHARDSON, of *Stafford*, in *England*, came over to *Maryland*, and was a Servant in the Year 1754, to Mr. *Samuel Tipps*, on the River *Patapsco*: If the said *William Richardson* be living, by applying to *Messrs. Purdie* and *Dixon*, Printers, in *Williamsburg*, he will hear of something to his Advantage; if dead, any Person producing an authenticated Certificate of his Death, will be reimbursed his Expences, with Thanks.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 2d Day of March *Court, at the House of Mr.* Adams, *in* Annapolis, *for ready Cash,*

TWO NEGRO WOMEN, one with Child, and a Child. They understand Houshold Work.

ELIZABETH MOSS.

THE PARTNERSHIP of BOYD and COMPANY, being now expired; JOHN BOYD begs Leave to inform those Gentlemen who have formerly dealt with the Company, and Others who may incline to become his Customers, That he continues the MEDICINAL STORE, as formerly, in BALTIMORE-TOWN; Having a Small, but General Assortment of DRUGS now on Hand; and expects by the first Vessels from *London*, and the *Streights*, either to this, or the Port of *Philadelphia*, a large Importation of every useful Article in his Way. Their Arrival shall be made known by the Public Papers. As he purposes to Sell for the future, on Terms more advantageous to the Buyer, than his late Connections would permit. He thinks it necessary to wait on his former kind Customers, and other Gentlemen of the Faculty in the Province, as soon as possible, in order to inform them more particularly of his intended Terms.

Those Gentlemen who are indebted to the late Partnership of BOYD and COMPANY, are earnestly requested to remit their several Balances, by the most safe and speedy Conveyance, to

Their much obliged, humble Servant,

(*4) JOHN BOYD.

Chester-Town, Feb. 2, 1767.

To be SOLD at Public Vendue, to the Highest Bidder, pursuant to the Last Will of James Calder, *Deceased; on the Tenth Day of* April *next, for either* Pennsylvania *Currency, or Bills of Exchange,*

FIFTEEN Hundred Acres of well Timbered LAND, lying in *Kent* County, *Maryland*, and situated between the Rivers of *Chester* and *Sassafras*, and within 16 Miles of *Duck-Creek* Landing.

The aforesaid Land will be Sold; as may be most agreeable to the Purchasers, either in Lots of 200 or 300 Acres, or larger Quantities.

The Sale will be held at a House on the Premises, within about a Mile of Mr. *Dennis Dulany's* Dwelling house.

Credit will be given for one Half the Purchase Money, on giving Security if required, and Payment of Interest.

Any Person inclinable to treat for any of the aforesaid Land, before the Day of Sale, may be informed of the Terms, by applying to Mr. *Dennis Dulany*, Mr. *James M^cLachlan*, Doctor *John Scott*, Mr. *Alexander Calder*, or the Subscriber, in *Chester-Town*. The Title is indisputable.

MARY CALDER, Executrix of

(*5) Capt. *James Calder*, deceased.

To be SOLD by the Subscriber, very cheap, for ready Money, or short Credit,

CHOICE *Lisbon* Wine, by the Quarter Cask, exceeding fine White Wine Vinegar, and best *Batavia* Arrack, by the Gallon or larger Quantity. RALPH FORSTER.

N. B. He has likewise amongst a great Variety of dry Goods, a new Seine, Forty five Fathoms long, and otherwise calculated for the *Patuxent* Herring Fishery.

MARYLAND, *January* 13, 1767.

THE Subscribers continue to carry on their DISTILLERY at *Baltimore-Town*, where their Friends and Customers may depend on being constantly supply'd, on the most reasonable Terms, with the best *AMERICAN* RUM made on the Continent; for which they will take Payment in Bar Iron, Flour, Pork, Wheat, Rye, *Indian* Corn, Pine Boards, Shingles, Heading, Pipe, Hogshead, or Barrel Staves, if made according to the *Philadelphia* Staves, and cull'd. They have also to dispose of for Cash, or Bills of Exchange, best *West India* Rum, Molasses by the Hogshead or Tierce, *Muscovado* and Loaf Sugars in Barrels, best *New-England* Mackrel and Fish Oil. SAMUEL and ROBERT PURVIANCE.

N. B. They have likewise for Sale, a Parcel of Choice *Virginia* PORK. (4*)

SUPPLEMENT

To the *MARYLAND* GAZETTE, [No. 1121.]

Annapolis, *March* 5, 1767.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, Frederick *County, on Wednesday the 25th of this Instant* March,

THE Two following Tracts of LAND lying in said County, and on the Draught of *Great-Pipe-Creek*, about 16 Miles from that Town. The one Tract, called DINAH's GOODWILL, containing 314 ACRES, exceeding level and fertile LAND: The other TRACT, called DINAH's FANCY, containing 215 Acres, exceeding well Timbered, lying about 5 Miles asunder. The Titles indisputable. Mr. *Notley Norris*, can shew the first, and Mr. *John Ledgedale* the other.

Any Persons inclinable to Purchase, may apply to the Subscriber, who will give Attendance on the Day abovementioned.

(3w) JOHN WILMOT.

THERE are at the Plantation of *Walter Tolley*, in *Baltimore* County, on the long Green in the Fork of *Gunpowder*, taken up as Strays, Three Cattle, which answer the following Description,—One large Brindled Cow, marked in the right Ear with a Crop, in the Left with a Crop and a Piece taken out of the Upper and Under Parts, she is mostly White under the Belly.——A Black Cow, marked with a Crop and a Slit in the left Ear, the other whole, her Legs are White almost to the Ham, and has 2 white Spots on her left fore Leg, one just above the Split of her Hoof, the other on the hind Part of the Leg.——A Steer, of a Brindled Colour, about 3 Years old, marked with a Crop in the right Ear, the other whole.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

(*4) *pd 15s*

THERE is at the Plantation of *Unkle-Unkles*, at *Pipe-Creek*, *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a bright bay Gelding, about 13 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock, thus, IM, in a Piece; he has a few white Hairs in his Forehead, had a small Bell on, tied with a Stirrup-Leather for a Collar, a Pair of old Shoes on, and Hamdock'd.

The Owner may have him again, on proving Property and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Mary Peircey*, living in *St. Mary's* County, taken up as a Stray, a black Mare, with a Blaze in her Face, branded on the near Buttock, thus, S, about 13 Hands high.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

TAKEN out of the River *Severn*, by *John Asheom Hooper*, and *Hezekiah Maccotter*, some SHROUDING, and other small CORDAGE. It came up with the Vessel's Anchor, which happened to be dropped amongst it, and is supposed to have been Stole, and to prevent Discovery to have been flung in there. *pd.*

The Owner may have it again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges, on Application to *John Asheom Hooper* in *Dorchester* County.

Benedict, February 18, 1767.

WANTED,

ONE Hundred Tons of PIG IRON, from the *Elk-Ridge* or *Baltimore* Works, apply to Mr. *Robert Couden*, at *Annapolis*, or to the Subscriber, at *Upper-Marlborough*, next *March* Court.

THOMAS CAMPBELL.

DR. *R. HULSE*, from *St. Thomas's*, *Guy's*, and the *Lying-Inn* Hospitals, LONDON, continues to reside at the Reverend Mr. *Cradock's*, *Garrison Forest*, *Baltimore* County, and practices as usual, every Branch of PHYSIC, SURGERY, and MIDWIFERY, at an Expence much inferior to the customary Charges. (10w)

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4 February 12, 1767.

To be SOLD, pursuant to the Directions of the Last Will and Testament of John Ross, *Esq; Deceased, the following Tracts of LAND, in* Frederick *County*, Maryland, viz.

NEW-LONDON, containing 1360 Acres: The Main Road that leads from *Frederick-Town*, to *Philadelphia*, runs through this Tract, about 20 Miles from *Frederick-Town*, and 2 from *Tawney-Town*; it is well Wooded, and extremely Level, every Acre of it being fit for Cultivation: The Soil is well adapted for Farming, being capable of producing almost every Kind of Grain. There are three or four Springs of Water, if not more, on this Tract.

THE CORNER, containing 112 Acres.—— ROSS's RANGE, containing 3400 Acres.—— These two Tracts join to one another, and lie 5 or 6 Miles to the Northward of *New-London*,—*Great-Pipe-Creek*, *Bear-Branch*, and *The Meadow-Branch*, run through them, and afford several convenient Sites for Mills; and, on the Banks of these Streams, there is a large Quantity of excellent Bottom Land, capable of either bearing Hemp, or being made into Meadow Ground. The Upland is much the same Quality with that of *New-London*, but more broken.

THE PLAINS, containing 50 Acres, lies on *Piney-Creek*, a Draught of *Monockacy* River.

Mr. *Normand Bruce*, who lives in the Neighbourhood, if called upon, will shew any of the above Tracts, to such as incline to purchase.

WALNUT LEVEL, containing 390 Acres, lies about 10 Miles West from *Fort-Cumberland*, upon a Branch of *Will's-Creek*.

ROSS's-TOWN-CREEK-LOT, containing 530 Acres, lies on *Town-Creek*, about 12 Miles from the Mouth of it, near a Place called, *The Devil's Hole*.

WINGFIELD's DELIGHT, containing 1300 Acres, and lies on a Branch of *Linganore*: The Soil is, in general, good, it has plenty of both Timber and Water on it, and there is, from Appearances, great Reason to believe that it contains within it a very valuable Copper-Mine.

The Purchasers may, either, pay ready Money, or will be indulged in Time for the Payment, upon giving good Security.

The Terms may be known by applying to Dr. *Upton Scott* in *Annapolis*, who is impowered to dispose of the above Lands.

3m FRANCIS KEY, U. SCOTT, } Executors.

New-Port, in *Charles* County, *Jan.* 9, 1767.

RAN away from the Subscriber, the 24th Day of *December* last, a Mulatto Man Slave, called *Stephen*, by Trade a House-Carpenter, he can work pretty well as a Wheel-Wright, Sawyer, or tight Cooper, is about 35 Years of Age, 6 Feet 1 or 2 Inches high, a long Face, thin jaw'd, a small Scar on one of his Cheeks, I believe the Right, and several Scars on his Legs, cut with Edge Tools, he can play on the Fiddle, is a very sensible, cunning Fellow, and if taken will endeavour to make his Escape. Had on when he went away, a light coloured Keesey Jacket, Cotton Breeches, Country made Shoes and Stockings, and an Osnabrigs Shirt. It is imagined he has changed his Cloaths, and got a Pass.

Whoever takes up the said Slave, and secures him in any Jail, or brings him to his Master, shall have a Reward of Six Dollars, if taken in *Charles* County; if taken in *St. Mary's*, or *Prince-George's*, Six Dollars, beside what the Law allows; if in any other County, Twelve Dollars; or, if out of the Province, Twenty Dollars, and reasonable Charges if brought home, paid by

(8w) 5 LEONARD BOARMAN.

WANTED,

A YOUNG MAN, well Qualified for Tending a COFFEE-HOUSE in this City: Such an one will meet with good Encouragement. Enquire of the Printer hereof.

X 5

HENRY MERONEY, *jun.*

SADDLER, *late from* Charles-Town, South-Carolina, *has now opened Shop, near the Town-Gate*, Annapolis,

WHERE he makes Gentlemens full Weight and Plain Hogskin seated Saddles, Race, Common Hunting, King's Hunting, and Breasted ditto, and Womens ditto, of all Kinds, in the newest Fashion; likewise covers Coaches, Chairs, &c. with Cloth, mends and makes all Manner of Coach and Chair Harness, Cloth and Leather Housings, Saddle Bags, Portmanteaus, Mail Pillions, Boot-Straps, Fire Buckets, and all Sorts of Saddle Furniture, &c. &c.

Those Gentlemen and Ladies that please to favour him with their Custom, may depend on having their Work done in the best Manner, and with the utmost Dispatch, by *Their Humble Servant*,

HENRY MERONEY.

N. B. He will give great Encouragement to a Saddle Tree Maker. *H. M.*

ANNAPOLIS, January 19, 1767.

Pursuant to the Directions of the Last Will and Testament of Edmund Key, *Esq; Deceased, the following Tracts of Land will be Sold to the Highest Bidder, at Public Vendue, on the Third Wednesday in* March *next, precisely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the House of* Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *in* Frederick *County*, MARYLAND, viz.

PARADISE, containing Three Hundred and Thirty-five Acres. GOOD HOPE, containing Three Hundred Acres. And FRIENDSHIP, containing Two Hundred and Six Acres. These Three Tracts almost join one another; one of them binds upon *Patowmack*; and all of them lie betwixt *Great Conococheague* and *Little Conococheague* Rivers. They will be sold for Ready Cash, or Six Months Credit will be given, on proper Security.

U. SCOTT, Executor.

Piscataway, Dec. 6, 1766.

WHEREAS *William*, *Mary*, and *Frances Herringham*, the Children of *William Herringham*, late of *Greenwich*, in the County of *Kent*, did, about 25 Years ago, leave *England*, and go to some Part of the *West-Indies*, and, as it is believed, afterwards go to some of the Northern Colonies in *America*: This is therefore to give Notice to them, if the said *William*, *Mary*, and *Frances Herringham*, or the Surviver or Survivors of them, be living, or to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, if dead, that by applying by Letter, or otherwise, to the Subscriber at *Piscataway*, in *Prince-George's* County, *Maryland*, they will hear of something greatly to their Advantage: Or, if any Person can give Information where any of the said Persons, if living, now reside, or if dead, when and where they died, and where buried; such Person shall be genteely rewarded for their Trouble, by applying as above, to

(6m) WM. RUSSELL.

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Macdonall*, near *Annapolis*, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare, about 14 Hands high, with a Star in her Forehead, no perceivable Brand, she Trots and Gallops, and is 5 or 6 Years old.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THE Subscriber, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, requests all Persons Indebted to him, either for Goods sold them, or for their Tavern Scores, to make immediate Payment: And, as we have now a Medium, they cannot expect longer Indulgence.

(6w) JOSHUA GRIFFITH.

JUST IMPORTED, from LONDON, *in the Ship* Lord Cambden, *Capt.* Johnstoun, *and to be SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store at* Elk-Ridge *Landing, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Rye, Beans, or short Credit,*

A LARGE Assortment of *EUROPEAN* and *EAST-INDIA* GOODS; among which are the following Articles,——Osnabrigs, Hempen Roles; ⅞ and ¾ brown, white, and *Russia* Sheeting; ½ Ell *Russia* Linen; brown and white Silesias; ¼, ⅓, and Yard wide, fine and coarse *Irish* Linens; *Russia* Drab; ¾ Dowlas; striped Cotton and Silk Ginghams; corded and flowered Dimothy; white Callico; ⅝ Cussares, striped Muslin Handkerchiefs; striped Lawn, and bordered Ditto; striped and spotted Linen Handkerchiefs; *Bandano*, Lutestring, Rossett, Culgee, and *Barcelona* Silk Handkerchiefs; a Variety of low priced Purple, Light and Dark grounded Callicoes; Light, Red, Pompadour, Purple, and Black grounded Chintz; Printed Linens; Yard wide, and ⅝ Muslin; Kenting and Holland Lawn, spotted and clear Ditto; Cambricks; *Cyprus*, striped, & flowered Gauze; dark-brown, light-blue, green, and black Persians; ⅝, ⅞ and ⅞ superfine Diaper Table-Cloths; ¼ Linen Check; ⅞, Yard wide, and ⅝ Cotton Ditto; Cotton Hollands; white and dyed Jeans; ⅞, ⅝, and ⅝ Bed Bunts; Half Ell Bolster Tick; Olive colour'd *Manchester* Velvet; Tammies; Durants; superfine Scarlet, and Crimson Rattennets; Starrets; Barleycorns; Diamontee; fashionable Mecklenburgh; Callimancoes; Dorsetteen; brown and blue Camblets, fine Serge-Denimn; coloured and black Crape; Bombazeen; Double Allopeen; Hatband Crape; Callimanco quilted Petticoats; Velvet Hoods; Messinet; Silveret, and fashionable brocaded Poplin; white and green *Welch* Cotton; white Kerseys; Bearskins; Frize; Ratteens; Halfthicks; Forrest Cloth; *Devonshire* Kersey; *German* Serge; striped Lincey; Embossed Serge; white Swanskin; striped Duffle Blankets; double-mill'd Drab Cloth; Variety of fine and superfine Broadcloths; Wilton Cloth; fine and superfine Sagathies, and Duroys; light colour'd Hair Shag, long pile Crimson Ditto; Cloth colour'd and Scarlet Womens Cloaks; Sewing Silk; Scarf and Mohair Twist; Coat Binding; Balendine; brown, whited brown, *Scotch*, Nuns, & Cambrick Threads; Holland, Diaper, *Manchester* & *Dresden* Tape; Bobbing; *Dutch* Pritties; Quality Binding; Gartering; Thread and Silk Laces; Ferrit; Galloon; Padusoy, Sattin, figured, striped, and plain Ribbon; Gimp; Cap Wire; Womens Silk Mitts; Pins; Wax Necklaces; Mother-of-Pearl Necklaces, and Ear-Rings; Ivory, Bone, and Crape Fans; Womens plain and laced Silk Bonnets; superfine fashionable colour'd Lutestring Ditto; black Silk, and Velvet Ditto; *Whitechapel* Needles; Candle Wick; ⅞ and ⅝ spotted Rugs; ¾ Worsted Ditto; ⅞, ⅝, and ⅝ Bed Blankets; ⅝ Calicoe Quilts; Hyson, Green, and Bohea Tea; Double and Single Refined Sugar; Pepper, Pimento, Salt-Petre, Ginger, *Epsom* Salts, Nutmegs, Cloves, Mace, Cinnamon, Rosin, Allom, Indigo, Fig and Powder Blue; Mens, Womens, and Youths Worsted, Thread, and Cotton Hose; Worsted Breeches Patterns; Womens Callimanco, *Spanish* Leather, and Leather Shoes and Pumps; Mens, and Youths, plain and bound Shoes and Pumps; Single Channel Boots; Wax Skins, Ben Leather Soles; Womens Kid Gloves and Mitts; Girls and Womens Lamb, Sattin Lamb, wash, and black Gloves and Mitts; Mens black stitched Dogskin, white Lamb, and welted Buck Gloves; Womens and Girls Stays; Boys and Mens Felt Hats; Boys and Mens plain and laced Castor Hats; Table Knives and Forks, Heel Knives, Pocket Knives and Forks, Clasp and Pen Knives; common and best *London* Scissars; Taylor's, and small Shears; common and best *London* Razors; Steel, White Metal, Pinchbeck, Mourning, plated Silver, and solid Silver Buckles; large Steel Knee Buckles; *Bristol* Stone Stock Buckles, Sleeve Buttons, Bosom Buckles, and Stay Hooks; Tea Tongs & Spoons; Awl Blades and Tacks; Horn Combs; Sleeve Buttons, Pearl Breast Buttons, flat and capt Metal Coat and Breast Buttons; double gilt, plain, and wrought Ditto; black Glass Ditto; Ivory and Dandriff Combs; Horn Moulds; *Kirby* Hooks; Perch Lines; Japanned, Silver mounted Tortiseshell, and Enamell'd Snuff-Boxes; Silver, Steel, and Brass Thimbles; Bone and Ivory Nutmeg-Graters; Steel Watch Keys and Chains, Steel Spring Spurs; Oil Gun-Flints; Temple and Common Spectacles; Gold Hatbands, with *Bristol* Stone Buckles; Mahogany Frame, and *Dutch* Looking-Glasses; 6 Quire Ledgers, and Journals, bound in Rough Calf and Letter'd; red and black Ink-Powder; Writing Paper, Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books, Psalters, Whole Duty of Man; Memorandum Books; 2 *d.* 3 *d.* 4 *d.* 6 *d.* 8 *d.* 10 *d.* 12 *d.* 20 *d.* 24 *d.* and 30 *d.* Nails; Saddlers Tacks; Hob Nails, broad Hoes, Iron Traces, Pot Hooks, Shutter Bolts, Cross Garnet, Side, and HL Hinges; Pad, Cupboard, Chest, and Stock Locks; Iron bound Ditto, with Brass Knobs; Box Irons and Heaters; Thumb Latches; Plane Irons; Compasses; all Sorts of Chizels; Augres, Steel Plate Hand Saws, Whip, Cross Cut, Handsaw, and Smiths Files; Farriers Rasps; Scythes; compleat Sets of Shoemakers Tools; Steel Spades; Iron Pots; Blister Steel; Grindstones; Mens and Womens high and low priced Saddles; Womens superfine Cloth Saddle Covers, laced and fringed with double Furniture; plain and fringed Housings; Saddle-Cloths; Snaffle, Half-Kirb, Whole-Kirb, *Pelham* & *Weymouth* Bridles; Surcingles, Stirrup Leathers, Switch, Half and Whole Hunting Whips; China Tea Cups and Saucers, Coffee Ditto, Chocolate Ditto, Custard Cups and Bowls; all Kinds of Glass, Stone, and Earthen Ware; Copper Tea Kettles; Brass and Iron Candlesticks; Bell-metal Skillets, Mortars and Pestles; Warming Pans; Pewter Dishes, Plates, Porringers, & Basons; Guns, and Gun Locks; Mahogany Tea Chests, Tea Boards, and Hand Waiters; Glass Castors or Cruit Frames; Mops, Scrubbing Brushes, Clampt Cloath Brushes, Brooms, Shoe Brushes, Hearth Brooms; Shoe Lasts, Shoe Heels; Blacking Ball; Hair and Lawn Sifters; Wool Cards; F and FF Gunpowder; Shot and Bar Lead; painted Tin Sugar Boxes; Funnels, Sauce Pans, Cullenders; gilt Trunks, Snuff, &c. &c. &c.

(3w) JOHN DORSEY.

N. B. I have a few Boxes of CHINA, amount about 25 *l.* Cost, each, Consisting of low priced Blue and White, and Enamell'd, Tea, Coffee and Chocolate Cups and Saucers, Custard Cups and Bowls, which I will sell at a very small Advance, by the Box. *J. D.*

STRAY'D from the Subscriber's Plantation, on *Bush-Creek*, in *Frederick* County, the 15th of *January* last, Three Mares, *viz.*

An Iron Grey, about 14 or 15 Hands high, has no Brand, but Dock'd pretty short, and hath had her Tail fallen. The other Two are small Dark Bays, one of them Branded on the near Buttock H T the wrong Way, has a Snip on her Nose, and had a small Bell on, mark'd with I. R. in a Heart. The other not Branded, nor Dock'd farther than the Ham.

Whoever will deliver the said Mares to Mr. *Benjamin Johnson*, near *Calvert* Court-House, to *Thomas Johnson*, junr. in *Annapolis*, or to the Subscriber, at his Plantation, shall have a Dollar for each. JAMES JOHNSON.

N. B. If any Person will secure the above Strays in any Inclosure, and give Information to either of those Gentlemen, they will be immediately sent for, and the Person handsomely Rewarded for his Trouble, with Thanks. 3

ANNAPOLIS, *Nov.* 26, 1766.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, at first Cost and Charges,

FOUR Hundred and Twenty-five Pounds Sterling's Worth of *East-India* and *European* GOODS: Invoices of which may be seen by applying to the Subscriber. A Time for Payment will be given, on giving Bond on Interest, with Security, if required.

N. B. All Persons indebted to the Subscriber, on Open Account, are requested to discharge the same, or to give Obligations for the Balances due, and 'tis hoped this Request will be complied with, to save further Trouble.

×10 2 BENNETT CHEW.

SCHEME OF THE *MARYLAND* LIBERTY LOTTERY

THE Lower House of Assembly of *Maryland* have constantly and ineffectually hitherto, since Seventeen Hundred and Thirty-nine, RESOLVED, That his Lordship hath no Right to collect Twelve-pence *per* Hogshead of Tobacco exported.

A Constitutional Tax on the People to support an Agent of the Appointment of the Lower House, has been greatly desired, frequently attempted, and as often refused by the Upper House.

The Lower House of Assembly contend, That the Clerk of the Council his reasonable Reward, as well as every other Expence necessarily attending the Execution of the Powers of Government, ought to be defrayed out of the Fines, *Forfeitures, Amerciaments*, and *other Monies* received by the Government for the Support thereof; and, "That Sentiment being directly opposite to the Opinion the Upper House had, on mature Consideration, formed upon the Subject of the Clerk of the Council's Claim," principally occasioned the Non-payment of the Public Debt for upwards of Ten Years: The Distress of Trade for Want of a Circulating Medium, and the extreme Necessity of Public Creditors compelled the Lower House to agree to an Appeal to his Majesty in Council, on the Subject Matter of Difference, without the Allotment of any Public Money for that Purpose, as the only Means to settle Disputes, restore Public Credit, and lay a sure Foundation for the future Ease and Good of the Province.

A Subscription therefore, by RESOLVE of the Lower House, has been Open'd, and Subscriptions are taken in by every Member, for maintaining an Agent, and supporting the Appeal on the Part of the People, as well as obtaining Redress of their *other* Grievances; and, by RESOLVE also of the Lower House, as an additional Means of raising Money for the same Purposes, the following SCHEME of a LOTTERY, by which to raise One Thousand Pounds Common Money, is submitted to the Public.

1	PRIZE	of £.500	is	500
1		of 250	is	250
1		of 100	is	100
2		of 50	are	100
2		of 30	are	60
4		of 20	are	80
4		of 15	are	60
10		of 10	are	100
20		of 5	are	100
50		of 4	are	200
80		of 3	are	240
73		of 2 : 10	are	182 : 10
2250		of 2	are	4500
1	First drawn Blank,			13 : 15
1	Last drawn Blank,			13 : 15
				£.6500

2500 Prizes.
2500 Blanks.

5000 { Tickets, at Thirty Shillings each, amount to } £.7500
From which deduct 1000 £.6500

Two and an Half per Cent to be deducted from the Prizes, to defray the Expences of the Lottery.

The Drawing to be in the Court-House at *Annapolis*, in the Presence of the Managers, and as many of the Adventurers as shall be pleased to attend, on the last Monday in *May* next, or sooner, if sooner full.

The Managers are, *William Murdock*, Esq; Messieurs *Thomas Sprigg, William Paca, John Wyatt, Thomas Gassaway, South* River, *Thomas Ringgold, B. T. B. Worthington, Henry Hall, John Hammond, Thomas Johnson, John Hall* of *Annapolis*, and *Samuel Chase*, or such of them as shall chuse to act.

The said Managers to give Bond to the Hon. SPEAKER, and be upon Oath for the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

A List of the Prizes to be Published in the *MARYLAND* GAZETTE, and the Prizes paid as soon as the Drawing is finished; and those not demanded in Six Months after the Drawing, to be deemed as generously given to the above Use.

The Scheme to be made publick in the *Maryland* and *Virginia* GAZETTES, and *Pennsylvania* JOURNAL.

"*LIFE without LIBERTY is worse than DEATH.*"

TICKETS may be had of any of the Managers, and of most of the Members of the Lower House of Assembly.

October 16, 1766.

THE JUSTICES of *Queen-Anne's* and *Talbot* Counties, being impowered by Act of Assembly, to levy on the taxable Inhabitants of *St. Paul's* Parish, in the said Counties, certain Sums of Tobacco, to be applied by the Vestry and Church Wardens of the said Parish, towards Building and Compleating a new Parish Church; and building an Addition, and Galleries to the Chapel: The said Vestry and Church Wardens, will be ready to contract for the said Buildings, the First Tuesday in every Month.

Signed per *Order*,
(6m) N. S. T. WRIGHT, Regist.

Annapolis: Printed by JONAS GREEN, at his PRINTING-OFFICE, in *Charles-Street*: Where all Persons may be supplied with this *GAZETTE*, at 12*s*6 a Year; and Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for 5*s*. the First Week, and 1*s*. each Time after: And long Ones in Proportion.